

# Package ‘stJoincount’

May 9, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** stJoincount - Join count statistic for quantifying spatial correlation between clusters

**Version** 1.6.0

**Description** stJoincount facilitates the application of join count analysis to spatial transcriptomic data generated from the 10x Genomics Visium platform. This tool first converts a labeled spatial tissue map into a raster object, in which each spatial feature is represented by a pixel coded by label assignment. This process includes automatic calculation of optimal raster resolution and extent for the sample. A neighbors list is then created from the rasterized sample, in which adjacent and diagonal neighbors for each pixel are identified. After adding binary spatial weights to the neighbors list, a multi-categorical join count analysis is performed to tabulate “joins” between all possible combinations of label pairs. The function returns the observed join counts, the expected count under conditions of spatial randomness, and the variance calculated under non-free sampling. The z-score is then calculated as the difference between observed and expected counts, divided by the square root of the variance.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Depends** R (>= 4.2.0)

**Imports** graphics, stats, dplyr, magrittr, sp, raster, spdep, ggplot2, pheatmap, grDevices, Seurat, SpatialExperiment, SummarizedExperiment

**LazyData** FALSE

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.1

**Suggests** BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**biocViews** Transcriptomics, Clustering, Spatial, BiocViews, Software

**Bugreports** <https://github.com/Nina-Song/stJoincount/issues>

**URL** <https://github.com/Nina-Song/stJoincount>

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

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**Author** Jiarong Song [cre, aut] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3673-4853>>),  
 Rania Bassiouni [aut],  
 David Craig [aut]  
**Maintainer** Jiarong Song <[songjia@usc.edu](mailto:songjia@usc.edu)>

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customDict	<i>Generate dict of cluster names</i>
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## Description

Create a dictionary with categorical cluster labels as values and their converted numerical labels as keys

## Usage

```
customDict(sampleInfo)
```

## Arguments

sampleInfo	A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode
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**Value**

A dictionary with categorical cluster labels as values and their converted numerical labels as keys.

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
nameList <- customDict(humanBC)
```

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dataPrepFromSeurat      *Data Preparation from Seurat Object*

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**Description**

This data preparation function creates a data.frame from a Seurat Object. It extracts the pixel information and cluster labels of each barcode from user's input Seurat Object and generate a data.frame with a certain format which is required for the algorithm. If the user has customized labels, this function will change the column name to "Cluster" when generating the data.frame to make it consistent to the required format.

**Usage**

```
dataPrepFromSeurat(SeuratObj, label)
```

**Arguments**

SeuratObj	input Seurat object that contains labels for each barcode
label	the column name of the label information in "meta.data"

**Value**

A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode the sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "SeuratBC.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
df <- dataPrepFromSeurat(seuratBC, "Cluster")
```

---

dataPrepFromSpE      *Data Preparation from SpatialExperiment Object*

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### Description

This data preparation function creates a data.frame from Spatial Experiment Object. It extracts the pixel information and cluster labels of each barcode from user's input Seurat Object and generate a data.frame with a certain format which is required for the algorithm. If the user has customized labels, this function will change the column name to "Cluster" when generating the data.frame to make it consist to the required format.

### Usage

```
dataPrepFromSpE(SpeObj, label)
```

### Arguments

SpeObj	input SpatialExperiment object that contains labels for each barcode
label	the column name of the label information in "colData"

### Value

A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of the sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode

### Examples

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "SpeBC.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
df <- dataPrepFromSpE(SpeObjBC, "label")
```

---

extentBuffer      *Find optimal number of buffer for extent*

---

### Description

When we create the rasterlayer, there will be a rectangular range. It is often necessary to provide a buffer to ensure that subsequent functions do not result in blank or missed pixels. This function is to find the right buffer for the sample coordinates so that each cluster is not lost in the process of converting a spot to a pixel.

**Usage**

```
extentBuffer(sampleInfo)
```

**Arguments**

`sampleInfo` A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode This data.frame can be produced by "dataPrepFromSeurat()/dataPrepFromSpE" functions

**Value**

optimal number of buffer for extent

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
n <- extentBuffer(humanBC)
```

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joincountAnalysis      *Join count analysis*

---

**Description**

This function performs multi-categorical join count analysis of the rasterized sample. A neighbors list is then created from the rasterized sample, in which adjacent and diagonal neighbors for each pixel are identified.

**Usage**

```
joincountAnalysis(mosaicIntegration)
```

**Arguments**

`mosaicIntegration` A raster object converted from a labeled spatial tissue map from Function rasterization.

**Value**

A data.frame that contains the observed join counts, the expected count under conditions of spatial randomness, the variance calculated under non-free sampling, and calculated Z-score.

## Examples

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
mosaicIntegration <- rasterizeEachCluster(humanBC)
joincount.result <- joincountAnalysis(mosaicIntegration)
```

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mosaicIntPlot

*Mosaic plot*

---

## Description

Visualization of the rasterization results and label coding of the sample.

## Usage

```
mosaicIntPlot(sampleInfo, mosaicIntegration)
```

## Arguments

`sampleInfo` A dataset of a human breast cancer sample containing the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode.

`mosaicIntegration` A raster object converted from a labeled spatial tissue map.

## Value

A mosaic plot with labeled pixels.

## Examples

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
mosaicIntegration <- rasterizeEachCluster(humanBC)
mosaicIntPlot(humanBC, mosaicIntegration)
```

---

rasterizeEachCluster    *Create a raster object from a labeled sample*

---

### Description

Converts a labeled spatial tissue map into a raster object, in which each spatial cluster is represented by a pixel coded by label assignment.

### Usage

```
rasterizeEachCluster(sampleInfo)
```

### Arguments

sampleInfo	A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode
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### Value

This function returns a class of RasterLayer. This raster object is converted from a labeled spatial tissue map.

### Examples

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
mosaicIntegration <- rasterizeEachCluster(humanBC)
```

---

rasterPrep                    *Raster layer preparation*

---

### Description

When sample coordinates finds a suitable buffer to ensure that each cluster is not lost in the process of converting the spot to pixel, apply this buffer to this function to find a suitable rectangle for the rasterlayer

### Usage

```
rasterPrep(sampleInfo, n)
```

**Arguments**

sampleInfo	A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode
n	buffer for extent (from function extentBuffer).

**Value**

This function returns a class of RasterLayer. This is a raster layer with calculated resolution and extent with buffer applied

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
raster <- rasterPrep(humanBC, 15)
```

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resolutionCalc	<i>Resolution calculation</i>
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**Description**

Automatic calculation of optimal raster resolution for the sample.

**Usage**

```
resolutionCalc(sampleInfo)
```

**Arguments**

sampleInfo	A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode
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**Value**

A list that contains length and height of resolution.

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
resolutionList <- resolutionCalc(humanBC)
```



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zscoreMatrix	<i>Generate Z-score matrix</i>
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**Description**

This function provides a heatmap of z-scores resulting from the join count analysis for all possible label pairs.

**Usage**

```
zscoreMatrix(sampleInfo, joincount.result)
```

**Arguments**

sampleInfo	A data.frame contains the pixel information and cluster labels for each barcode of a human breast cancer sample. The index contains barcodes, and at least three other columns that have these information are required and the column names should be the same as following: "imagerow": The row pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "imagecol": The column pixel coordinate of the center of the spot "Cluster": The label that corresponding to this barcode
joincount.result	calculated result from join count analysis

**Value**

A data.frame that has a z-score matrix resulting from the join count analysis for all possible label pairs

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
mosaicIntegration <- rasterizeEachCluster(humanBC)
joincount.result <- joincountAnalysis(mosaicIntegration)
matrix <- zscoreMatrix(humanBC, joincount.result)
```

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zscorePlot	<i>Visulization of Z-score heatmap.</i>
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**Description**

Visulization of Z-score heatmap.

**Usage**

```
zscorePlot(zscoreMatrix)
```

**Arguments**

zscoreMatrix    calculated and reshaped z-score matrix from join count analysis.

**Value**

A Heatmap plot

**Examples**

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "dataframe.rda", package="stJoincount")
load(fpath)
mosaicIntegration <- rasterizeEachCluster(humanBC)
joincount.result <- joincountAnalysis(mosaicIntegration)
matrix <- zscoreMatrix(humanBC, joincount.result)
zscorePlot(matrix)
```

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